Elective Courses (EC) Group B: Marketing Electives

1. Service Marketing

Modules at a Glance

SN	Modules	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction of Services Marketing	15
2	Key Elements of Services Marketing Mix	15
3	Managing Quality Aspects of Services Marketing	15
4	Marketing of Services	15
	Total	60

SN	Objectives
1	To understand distinctive features of services and key elements in services marketing
2	To provide insight into ways to improve service quality and productivity
3	To understand marketing of different services in Indian context

SN	Modules/ Units				
1	Introduction of Services Marketing				
	 Services Marketing Concept, Distinctive Characteristics of Services, Services Marketing Triangle, Purchase Process for Services, Marketing Challenges of Services Role of Services in Modern Economy, Services Marketing Environment Goods vs Services Marketing, Goods Services Continuum Consumer Behaviour, Positioning a Service in the Market Place Variations in Customer Involvement, Impact of Service Recovery Efforts on Consumer Loyalty Type of Contact: High Contact Services and Low Contact Services Sensitivity to Customers' Reluctance to Change 				
2	Key Elements of Services Marketing Mix				
	 The Service Product, Pricing Mix, Promotion & Communication Mix, Place/Distribution of Service, People, Physical Evidence, Process-Service Mapping- Flowcharting Branding of Services – Problems and Solutions Options for Service Delivery 				
3	Managing Quality Aspects of Services Marketing				
	 Improving Service Quality and Productivity Service Quality – GAP Model, Benchmarking, Measuring Service Quality -Zone of Tolerance and Improving Service Quality The SERVQUAL Model Defining Productivity – Improving Productivity Demand and Capacity Alignment 				
4	Marketing of Services				
	 International and Global Strategies in Services Marketing: Services in the Global Economy- Moving from Domestic to Transnational Marketing Factors Favouring Transnational Strategy Elements of Transnational Strategy Recent Trends in Marketing Of Services in: Tourism, Hospitality, Healthcare, Banking, Insurance, Education, IT and Entertainment Industry Ethics in Services Marketing: Meaning, Importance, Unethical Practices in Service Sector 				

Elective Courses (EC) Group B: Marketing Electives

2. E-Commerce and Digital Marketing

Modules at a Glance

SN	Modules	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction to E-commerce	15
2	E-Business & Applications	15
3	Payment, Security, Privacy & Legal Issues in E-Commerce	15
4	Digital Marketing	15
	Total	60

SN	Objectives
1	To understand increasing significance of E-Commerce and its applications in
1	Business and Various Sectors
2	To provide an insight on Digital Marketing activities on various Social Media
	platforms and its emerging significance in Business
2	To understand Latest Trends and Practices in E-Commerce and Digital
3	Marketing, along with its Challenges and Opportunities for an Organisation

SN	Modules/ Units		
1	Introduction to E-commerce		
	 Ecommerce- Meaning, Features of E-commerce, Categories of E-commerce, Advantages &Limitations of E-Commerce, Traditional Commerce &E-Commerce Ecommerce Environmental Factors: Economic, Technological, Legal, Cultural & Social Factors Responsible for Growth of E-Commerce, Issues in Implementing E-Commerce, Myths of E-Commerce Impact of E-Commerce on Business, Ecommerce in India Trends in E-Commerce in Various Sectors: Retail, Banking, Tourism, Government, Education Meaning of M-Commerce, Benefits of M-Commerce, Trends in M-Commerce 		
2	E-Business & Applications		
	 E-Business: Meaning, Launching an E-Business, Different phases of Launching an E-Business Important Concepts in E-Business: Data Warehouse, Customer Relationship Management, Supply Chain Management, Enterprise Resource Planning Bricks and Clicks business models in E-Business: Brick and Mortar, Pure Online, Bricks and Clicks, Advantages of Bricks & Clicks Business Model, Superiority of Bricks and Clicks E-Business Applications: E-Procurement, E-Communication, E-Delivery, E-Auction, E-Trading. Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) in E-Business: Meaning of EDI, Benefits of EDI, Drawbacks of EDI, Applications of EDI. Website: Design and Development of Website, Advantages of Website, Principles of Web Design, Life Cycle Approach for Building a Website, Different Ways of Building a Website 		
3	Payment, Security, Privacy &Legal Issues in E-Commerce		
	 Issues Relating to Privacy and Security in E-Business Electronic Payment Systems: Features, Different Payment Systems: Debit Card, Credit Card, Smart Card, E-cash, E-Cheque, E-wallet, Electronic Fund Transfer. Payment Gateway: Introduction, Payment Gateway Process, Payment Gateway Types, Advantages and Disadvantages of Payment Gateway. Types of Transaction Security E-Commerce Laws: Need for E-Commerce laws, E-Commerce laws in India, Legal Issues in E-commerce in India, IT Act 2000 		

SN	Modules/ Units		
4	Digital Marketing		
	Introduction to Digital Marketing, Advantages and Limitations of Digital Marketing.		
	Various Activities of Digital Marketing: Search Engine Optimization, Search Engine		
	Marketing, Content Marketing & Content Influencer Marketing, Campaign		
	Marketing, Email Marketing, Display Advertising, Blog Marketing, Viral Marketing,		
	Podcasts & Vodcasts.		
	Digital Marketing on various Social Media platforms.		
	Online Advertisement, Online Marketing Research, Online PR		
	Web Analytics		
	Promoting Web Traffic		
	Latest developments and Strategies in Digital Marketing.		

Elective Courses (EC) Group B: Marketing Electives

3. Sales and Distribution Management

Modules at a Glance

SN	Modules	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction	15
2	Market Analysis and Selling	15
3	Distribution Channel Management	15
4	Performance Evaluation, Ethics and Trends	15
	Total	60

SN	Objectives
1	To develop understanding of the sales & distribution processes in organizations
2	To get familiarized with concepts, approaches and the practical aspects of the key decision making variables in sales management and distribution channel management

SN	Modules/ Units			
1	Introduction			
	 a) Sales Management: Meaning, Role of Sales Department, Evolution of Sales Management Interface of Sales with Other Management Functions Qualities of a Sales Manager Sales Management: Meaning, Developments in Sales Management-Effectiveness to Efficiency, Multidisciplinary Approach, Internal Marketing, Increased Use of Internet, CRM, Professionalism in Selling. Structure of Sales Organization – Functional, Product Based, Market Based, Territory Based, Combination or Hybrid Structure b) Distribution Management: 			
	Meaning, Importance, Role of Distribution, Role of Intermediaries, Evolution of Distribution Channels.			
	c) Integration of Marketing, Sales and Distribution			
2	Market Analysis and Selling			
	 a) Market Analysis: Market Analysis and Sales Forecasting, Methods of Sales Forecasting Types of Sales Quotas – Value Quota, Volume Quota, Activity Quota, Combination Quota Factors Determining Fixation of Sales Quota Assigning Territories to Salespeople 			
	 b) Selling: Process of Selling, Methods of Closing a Sale, Reasons for Unsuccessful Closing Theories of Selling – Stimulus Response Theory, Product Orientation Theory, Need Satisfaction Theory Selling Skills – Communication Skill, Listening Skill, Trust Building Skill, Negotiation Skill, Problem Solving Skill, Conflict Management Skill Selling Strategies – Softsell Vs. Hardsell Strategy, Client Centered Strategy, Product-Price Strategy, Win-Win Strategy, Negotiation Strategy Difference Between Consumer Selling and Organizational Selling Difference Between National Selling and International Selling 			

SN	Modules/ Units			
3	Distribution Channel Management			
	 Distribution Channel Management Management of Distribution Channel – Meaning & Need Channel Partners- Wholesalers, Distributors and Retailers & their Functions in Distribution Channel, Difference Between a Distributor and a Wholesaler Choice of Distribution System – Intensive, Selective, Exclusive Factors Affecting Distribution Strategy – Locational Demand, Product Characteristics, Pricing Policy, Speed or Efficiency, Distribution Cost Factors Affecting Effective Management Of Distribution Channels Channel Design Channel Policy Channel Conflicts: Meaning, Types – Vertical, Horizontal, Multichannel, Reasons for Channel Conflict Resolution of Conflicts: Methods – Kenneth Thomas's Five Styles of Conflict Resolution Motivating Channel Members Selecting Channel Partners Evaluating Channels 			
4	Performance Evaluation, Ethics and Trends			
	 a) Evaluation & Control of Sales Performance: Sales Performance – Meaning Methods of Supervision and Control of Sales Force Sales Performance Evaluation Criteria- Key Result Areas (KRAs) Sales Performance Review Sales Management Audit b) Measuring Distribution Channel Performance: Evaluating Channels- Effectiveness, Efficiency and Equity Control of Channel – Instruments of Control – Contract or Agreement, Budgets and Reports, Distribution Audit 			
	c) Ethics in Sales Management			
	d) New Trends in Sales and Distribution Management			

Elective Courses (EC) Group B: Marketing Electives

4. Customer Relationship Management

Modules at a Glance

SN	Modules		No. of Lectures
1	Introduction to Customer Relationship Management		15
2	CRM Marketing Initiatives, Customer Service and Data Management		15
3	CRM Strategy, Planning, Implementation and Evaluation		15
4	CRM New Horizons		15
	•	Total	60

SN	Objectives
1	To understand concept of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) and
	implementation of Customer Relationship Management
2	To provide insight into CRM marketing initiatives, customer service and
	designing CRM strategy
3	To understand new trends in CRM, challenges and opportunities for
	organizations

SN	Modules/ Units		
1	Introduction to Customer Relationship Management		
	 Concept, Evolution of Customer Relationships: Customers as strangers, acquaintances, friends and partners Objectives, Benefits of CRM to Customers and Organisations, Customer Profitability Segments, Components of CRM: Information, Process, Technology and People, Barriers to CRM Relationship Marketing and CRM: Relationship Development Strategies: Organizational Pervasive Approach, Managing Customer Emotions, Brand Building through Relationship Marketing, Service Level Agreements, Relationship Challenges 		
2	CRM Marketing Initiatives, Customer Service and Data Management		
	 CRM Marketing Initiatives: Cross-Selling and Up-Selling, Customer Retention, Behaviour Prediction, Customer Profitability and Value Modeling, Channel Optimization, Personalization and Event-Based Marketing CRM and Customer Service: Call Center and Customer Care: Call Routing, Contact Center Sales-Support, Web Based Self Service, Customer Satisfaction Measurement, Call-Scripting, Cyber Agents and Workforce Management CRM and Data Management: Types of Data: Reference Data, Transactional Data, Warehouse Data and Business View Data, Identifying Data Quality Issues, Planning and Getting Information Quality, Using Tools to Manage Data, Types of Data Analysis: Online Analytical Processing (OLAP), Clickstream Analysis, Personalisation and Collaborative Filtering, Data Reporting 		
3	CRM Strategy, Planning, Implementation and Evaluation		
	 Understanding Customers: Customer Value, Customer Care, Company Profit Chain: Satisfaction, Loyalty, Retention and Profits Objectives of CRM Strategy, The CRM Strategy Cycle: Acquisition, Retention and Win Back, Complexities of CRM Strategy Planning and Implementation of CRM: Business to Business CRM, Sales and CRM, Sales Force Automation, Sales Process/ Activity Management, Sales Territory Management, Contact Management, Lead Management, Configuration Support, Knowledge Management CRM Implementation: Steps- Business Planning, Architecture and Design, Technology Selection, Development, Delivery and Measurement CRM Evaluation: Basic Measures: Service Quality, Customer Satisfaction and Loyalty, Company 3E Measures: Efficiency, Effectiveness and Employee Change 		

4 CRM New Horizons e-CRM: Concept, Different Levels of E- CRM, Privacy in E-CRM: Software App for Customer Service: Activity Management, Agent Management, Case Assignment, Contract Management, Customer Self Service, Email Response Management, Escalation, Inbound Communication Management, Invoicing, Outbound Communication Management, Queuing and Routing, Scheduling Social Networking and CRM Mobile-CRM CRM Trends, Challenges and Opportunities Ethical Issues in CRM

Bachelor of Management Studies Programme at Semester V with effect from the Academic Year 2016-2017

Course Code: UBMSFSV.1

Logistics and Supply Chain Management

Modules at a Glance

SN	Modules	No. of Lectures
1	Overview of Logistics and Supply Chain Management	15
2	Elements of Logistics Mix	15
3	Inventory Management, Logistics Costing, Performance Management and Logistical Network Analysis	15
4	Recent Trends in Logistics and Supply Chain Management	15
	Total	60

SN	Objectives
1	To provide students with basic understanding of concepts of logistics and supply chain management
2	To introduce students to the key activities performed by the logistics function
3	To provide an insight in to the nature of supply chain, its functions and supply chain systems
4	To understand global trends in logistics and supply chain management

SN		Modules/ Units
1	Overview of Logistics and Supply Chain Management	
	a)	Introduction to Logistics Management
		Meaning, Basic Concepts of Logistics- Logistical Performance Cycle, Inbound
		Logistics, Inprocess Logistics, Outbound Logistics, Logistical Competency, Integrated Logistics, Reverse Logistics and Green Logistics
		 Objectives of Logistics, Importance of Logistics, Scope of Logistics, Logistical
		Functions/Logistic Mix, Changing Logistics Environment
	b)	Introduction to Supply Chain Management
		 Meaning, Objectives, Functions, Participants of Supply Chain, Role of Logistics
		in Supply Chain, Comparison between Logistics and Supply Chain
		Management, Channel Management and Channel Integration
	c)	Customer Service: Key Element of Logistics
		Meaning of Customer Service, Objectives, Elements, Levels of customer
		service, Rights of Customers
	(d)	Demand Forecasting
		Meaning, Objectives ,Approaches to Forecasting, Forecasting Methods, Forecasting Techniques (Numerical on Simple Meying Average Weighted)
		Forecasting Techniques, (Numerical on Simple Moving Average, Weighted Moving Average)
2	Flo	ments of Logistics Mix
		Transportation
	۵,	• Introduction, Principles and Participants in Transportation, Transport
		Functionality, Factors Influencing Transportation Decisions, Modes of
		Transportation- Railways, Roadways, Airways, Waterways, Ropeways,
		Pipeline, Transportation Infrastructure, Intermodal Transportation
	b)	Warehousing
		Introduction, Warehouse Functionality, Benefits of Warehousing, Warehouse Operating Principles, Types of Warehouses, Warehousing Stratogies, Easters.
		Operating Principles, Types of Warehouses, Warehousing Strategies, Factors affecting Warehousing
	c)	Materials Handling
	•,	 Meaning, Objectives, Principles of Materials Handling, Systems of Materials
		Handling, Equipments used for Materials Handling, Factors affecting Materials
		Handling Equipments
	d)	Packaging
		Introduction, Objectives of Packaging, Functions/Benefits of Packaging, Design
		Considerations in Packaging, Types of Packaging Material, Packaging Costs

SN		Modules/ Units
3	Inventory Management, Logistics Costing, Performance Management and Logistical Network Analysis	
	a)	Inventory Management
		Meaning, Objectives, Functions, Importance, Techniques of Inventory
	h\	Management (Numericals - EOQ and Reorder levels) Logistics Costing
	5)	Meaning, Total Cost Approach, Activity Based Costing, Mission Based Costing
	c)	Performance Measurement in Supply Chain
		Meaning, Objectives of Performance Measurement, Types of Performance
		Measurement, Dimensions of Performance Measurement, Characteristics of
		Ideal Measurement System
	d)	Logistical Network Analysis
		Meaning, Objectives, Importance, Scope, RORO/LASH
4	Rec	ent Trends in Logistics and Supply Chain Management
	a)	Information Technology in Logistics
		• Introduction, Objectives, Role of Information Technology in Logistics and
		Supply Chain Management, Logistical Information System, Principles of
		Logistical Information System, Types of Logistical Information System,
	h)	Logistical Information Functionality, Information Technology Infrastructure Modern Logistics Infrastructure
	5,	Golden Quadrilateral, Logistics Parks, Deep Water Ports, Dedicated Freight
		Corridor, Inland Container Depots/Container Freight Stations, Maritime
		Logistics, Double Stack Containers/Unit Trains
	c)	Logistics Outsourcing
		Meaning, Objectives, Benefits/Advantages of Outsourcing, Third Party
		Logistics Provider, Fourth Party Logistics Provider, Drawbacks of Outsourcing,
		Selection of Logistics Service Provider, Outsourcing-Value Proposition
	d)	Logistics in the Global Environment
		Managing the Global Supply Chain, Impact of Globalization on Logistics and
		Supply Chain Management, Global Logistics Trends, Global Issues and
		Challenges in Logistics and Supply Chain Management

Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC)

6. Corporate Communication & Public Relations

Modules at a Glance

SN	Modules	No. of Lectures
1	Foundation of Corporate Communication	15
2	Understanding Public Relations	15
3	Functions of Corporate Communication and Public Relations	15
4	Emerging Technology in Corporate Communication and Public Relations	15
	Total	60

SN	Objectives
1	To provide the students with basic understanding of the concepts of corporate communication and public relations
2	To introduce the various elements of corporate communication and consider their roles in managing organizations
3	To examine how various elements of corporate communication must be coordinated to communicate effectively
4	To develop critical understanding of the different practices associated with corporate communication

SN	Modules/ Units	
1	Foundation of Corporate Communication	
	a) Corporate Communication: Scope and Relevance	
	• Introduction, Meaning, Scope, Corporate Communication in	India, Need/
	Relevance of Corporate Communication in Contemporary Scenario	O
	b) Keys concept in Corporate Communication	
	Corporate Identity: Meaning and Features, Corporate Image: Me	-
	Influencing Corporate Image, Corporate Reputation: Meaning,	Advantages of
	Good Corporate Reputation	
	c) Ethics and Law in Corporate Communication	
	Importance of Ethics in Corporate Communication, Corporate Corporate Corporate Corporate Corporate Corporate Corporate Corporate Corporate Co	
	and Professional Code of Ethics, Mass Media Laws: Defamation	n, Invasion of
	Privacy, Copyright Act, Digital Piracy, RTI	
2	Understanding Public Relations	
	a) Fundamental of Public Relations:	
	Introduction, Meaning, Essentials of Public Relations, Objecti	
	Relations, Scope of Public Relations, Significance of Public Relation	ns in Business
	b) Emergence of Public Relations:	
	Tracing Growth of Public Relations, Public Relations in India	, Reasons for
	Emerging International Public Relations c) Public Relations Environment:	
	Introduction, Social and Cultural Issues, Economic Issues, Politica	l Issues Logal
	Issues	i issues, Legai
	d) Theories used in Public Relations:	
	 Systems Theory, Situational Theory, Social Exchange Theory, Diffu 	sion Theory
3	Functions of Corporate Communication and Public Relations	,
3	a) Media Relations:	
	 Introduction, Importance of Media Relations, Sources of Media 	a Information
	Building Effective Media Relations, Principles of Good Media Relations	,
	b) Employee Communication:	
	 Introduction, Sources of Employee Communications, Organizi 	ing Employee
	Communications, Benefits of Good Employee Communication	
	Implementing An Effective Employee Communications Program	-
	Management in Employee Communications	
	c) Crisis Communication:	
	Introduction, Impact of Crisis, Role of Communication in Crisis,	Guidelines for
	Handling Crisis, Trust Building	
	d) Financial Communication:	
	Introduction, Tracing the Growth of Financial Communicat	ion in India,
	Audiences for Financial Communication, Financial Advertising	

SN	Modules/ Units
4	Emerging Technology in Corporate Communication and Public Relations
	a) Contribution of Technology to Corporate Communication
	Introduction, Today's Communication Technology, Importance of Technology
	to Corporate Communication, Functions of Communication Technology in
	Corporate Communication, Types of Communication Technology, New Media:
	Web Conferencing, Really Simple Syndication (RSS)
	b) Information Technology in Corporate Communication
	• Introduction, E-media Relations, E-internal Communication, E-brand Identity
	and Company Reputation
	c) Corporate Blogging
	Introduction, Defining Corporate Blogging, Characteristics of a Blog, Types of
	Corporate Blogs, Role of Corporate Blogs, Making a Business Blog